

## **Lab Practical (Answer Sheet) - Finite-Element Analysis**

Below, enter the answers you obtain when prompted to do so during the different exercises:

### **Part A – The Basics**

*In this example, some of the basic features of a finite element analysis will be demonstrated through the modelling of a simple excavation using the Rocscience program PHASE<sup>2</sup>.*

1. What is the maximum total displacement experienced around the excavation (as prompted in steps 9 and 10)? Record your answers in mm.

a) Elastic Analysis (E = 20 GPa): \_\_\_\_\_

b) Elastic Analysis (E = 40 GPa): \_\_\_\_\_

c) Elastic Analysis (E = 10 GPa): \_\_\_\_\_

2. What is the approximate relationship between the Young's Modulus and the maximum total displacement?

3. What is the maximum total displacement experienced around the excavation (as prompted in step 11)? Record your answers in mm.

a) Elasto-Plastic Analysis (c = 12 MPa): \_\_\_\_\_

b) Elasto-Plastic Analysis (c = 1.2 MPa): \_\_\_\_\_

c) Elasto-Plastic Analysis (c = 0.12 MPa): \_\_\_\_\_



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2. Based on the  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_3$  stress distributions, the strength factor contours showing the percent of yielding in the rock mass, and the shear and tensile yield indicators, briefly assess the nature of the stress state and stability of the hangingwall and footwall, and the back and floor following each stope excavation stage (as prompted in step 14).

3. What is the maximum total displacement following each excavation/backfill stage (as prompted in step 15)? Record your answers in mm.

a) Stage 1: \_\_\_\_\_

b) Stage 2: \_\_\_\_\_

c) Stage 3: \_\_\_\_\_

d) Stage 4: \_\_\_\_\_

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**BONUS:** What are the displacements for a non-staged and staged backfill operation (as prompted in step 15)?

	Maximum Total Displacement (mm)	
	<i>without backfill staging</i>	<i>with backfill staging</i>
Stage 1		
Stage 2		
Stage 3		
Stage 4		